al-Wasiyyah as-Sughraa

The Concise Legacy/Advice

[For Uprightness of the Religious & Worldly Life]
Taqiyyud-Deen Abu-l-'Abbaas Ahmad ibn 'Abdul-Haleem ibn 'Abdus-Salaam ibn Taymiyyah (Rahimahullaah). [661-728*A*H]

Questionnaire-Study Guide: Lecture No. 11

1. Briefly explain the two reasons why the author says there is no comprehensive answer to this question for every individual?	>
2. Summarize the story narrated by Imaam adh-Dhahabee about one of the <i>'Ubbaad</i> advising Imaam Maalik to give up <i>teach</i> .	ing
3. Memorize the Hadeeth mentioned by Shaykh Abdur-Razzaaq which shows the superiority of the ' Aalim over the ' Aabid .	
4. Mention the Qaa'idah alluded to by the author and detailed by his student Ibn al-Qayyim concerning which deeds are best in consideration of the 'times' (when an action is done). [Give an example]	st
5. Explain what is meant by the author Ibn Taymiyyah (Rahimahullaah) when he says: "al-'Ulamaa' Bi-llaahi wa Amri-hi" - with mention of the three (3) types of scholars according to the classification of Abu Hayaan at-Taymee (Rahimahullaah).	
6. Memorize the Hadeeth of Abu Hurairah reported by Muslim, showing the superiority of Dhikrullaah over other good deed	ls.
7. Mention the five points of superiority of Dhikrullaah outlined in the Hadeeth of Abu ad-Dardaa' reported by Abu Daawo	od
8. Mention the Qaa'idah related to 'the best one among every group of people known for a particular type of worship'.	
9. Discuss the intended meaning of the author's (Rahimahullaah) expression: 'ad-Dalaa'il al-Qur'aaniyyah wal-Emaaniyyah'	٠.